

## Claims as filed

- 12 -

## Claims

1. A process for preparing modified metal oxides or  
5 metal aquoxides that are dispersible in organic  
solvents by reaction of  
(A) one or a plurality of metal oxide(s) or metal  
aquoxide(s) having a crystallite size of 4 to  
100 nm, determined by x-ray diffraction on the  
10 021 reflex, and a particle size of less than  
1,000 nm  
with  
(B) one or a plurality of organic sulfonic acid(s),  
where  
15 (i) in case the reaction takes place in a  
mainly aqueous medium or in the absence of  
a diluent/solvent, the organic sulfonic  
acid is a mono-, di-, or trialkylbenzene  
sulfonic acid, wherein the alkyl resi-  
20 due(s) are C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>6</sub> alkyl residues, or  
(ii) in case the reaction takes place in the  
presence of an organic aprotic solvent or  
an organic protic solvent, the organic  
sulfonic acid has at least 14 carbon atoms  
25 and at least one aromatic ring.  
wherein the components (A), calculated as metal  
oxide, and (B) are used at weight ratios from 98:2  
to 70:30, preferably from 95:5 to 80:20.
- 30 2. The process of claim 1,  
characterized in that as metal oxides or metal  
aquoxides, there are employed such oxides containing  
aluminum, preferably aluminas, alumina hydrates,  
especially boehmitic or pseudoboehmitic aluminas,  
35 aluminum silicate, or Si/Al mixed oxides.

Claims as filed

- 13 -

3. A process according to any one of the preceding claims,  
5 characterized in that the organic sulfonic acid is toluenesulfonic acid, preferably p-toluenesulfonic acid.
4. A process according to claim 1 or 2,  
10 characterized in that the organic sulfonic acid is an organic compound of the  $R-SO_3H$  type, in which R is an alkyl-substituted aromatic hydrocarbon residue with 16 to 24 carbon atoms.
- 15 5. A process according to any one of the preceding claims,  
characterized in that the metal oxides or metal aquoxides and the organic sulfonic acid are brought into contact at temperatures from 0 to  $140^{\circ}C$ , preferably from 0 to less than  $90^{\circ}C$ .  
20
6. A process according to any one of the preceding claims,  
characterized in that the metal oxides or metal  
25 aquoxides are brought into contact with the organic sulfonic acid for a period from 30 seconds to 7 days, preferably from 30 to 90 minutes, and preferably with stirring.
- 30 7. A process according to any one of the preceding claims,  
characterized in that the modified metal oxides or metal aquoxides are dried by spray drying, freeze  
drying, microwave drying, drying in supercritical  
35 solvents, filtration, contact drying, or rotary drum drying.

## Claims as filed

- 14 -

8. A process according to any one of the preceding claims,  
5 characterized in that the modified metal oxides/  
metal aquoxides are dispersible in organic solvent  
suspensions having a solids content of 10 to 35 wt%,  
preferably 20 to 30 wt%.
- 10 9. A process according to any one of the preceding  
claims,  
characterized in that the modified alumina hydrate  
is processed into molded articles by extrusion, pel-  
leting, or spherical drop forming processes.
- 15 10. A process according to any one of the preceding  
claims,  
characterized in that the metal oxides or metal aqu-  
oxides are taken up in an organic solvent and this  
20 solvent is exchanged for another one.
11. Sulfonic acid-modified metal oxides or metal aqu-  
oxides that can be prepared by any one of the pre-  
ceding processes.
- 25 12. A metal oxide or metal aquoxide suspension contain-  
ing the sulfonic acid-modified metal oxides/metal  
aquoxides of claim 11 and, as a dispersant,  
(I) aprotic polar organic solvents,  
30 (II) protic, polar organic solvents having at  
least two carbon atoms, or  
(III) apolar organic solvents.

## Claims as filed

- 15 -

13. The metal oxide or metal aquoxide suspension of  
claim 12,  
5 characterized in that this suspension contains an  
additive of at least one organic viscosity-adjusting  
agent, preferably a polymeric/oligomeric compound,  
such as cellulose, a cellulose derivative, a poly-  
acrylate, or a polyvinyl alcohol.
- 10 14. A process for preparing a metal oxide/metal aquoxide  
suspension according to claim 12 by dispersing a  
dispersant-free/solventless powdery sulfonic acid-  
modified metal oxide or metal aquoxide prepared  
15 according to any one of claims 1 through 10 with use  
of a dispersant according to claim 12.
- 20 15. Use of the sulfonic acid-modified metal oxides or  
metal aquoxides of claim 11,  
characterized in that the modified metal oxide/metal  
aquoxide is incorporated as a filler into solvent-  
based paints or lacquers or into water-insoluble  
plastics.
- 25 16. Use of the sulfonic acid-modified metal oxides or  
metal aquoxides of claim 11 for preparing coatings,  
preferably transparent coatings on films/foils,  
metals/metal oxides, glass, PVC, and other plastics.
- 30 17. Use of the sulfonic acid-modified metal oxides or  
metal aquoxides of claim 11 for the manufacture of  
catalyst supports.

-----

D-99905 US+CA